This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-35 (canceled)

Claim 36 (new): A frequency shifted laser radiation source for distance measurements, comprising:

a frequency shifted feedback laser resonator having a pumped gain medium therein with a gain greater than unity so as to emit laser light having a plurality of frequency components changing with time in a chirping manner;

a means for splitting said emitted laser light having said plurality of frequency components changing with time in a chirping manner into an object beam for irradiating an object and a reference beam;

the emitted laser radiation being usable for determinations of distances of objects when using an object detection sensor which receives laser light radiation coming back from an object illuminated with the object beam light and being at a distance to be determined and which object detection sensor also receives said reference beam via a reference path not including the object in such a manner that the laser light radiation coming back from the object and the reference beam interfere with one another, said interference producing a signal by the beating of the plurality of frequency components that change with time in a chirping manner and which are comprised in laser light radiation coming back from said object illuminated with the object beam beating with the plurality of frequency components that change with time in a chirping manner and which are further comprised in the reference beam received at the sensor via said reference path not including the object said beat signal having a signal intensity allowing for the determination of the distance of the object in response to the intensity of the signal;

wherein the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation source further comprises a means for injection of narrow banded, non-pumping, modulated seed laser light into the frequency shifted feedback resonator, said means for injection comprising a means for Application Serial No. 10/501,842 Amendment After Final dated August 6, 2009

Reply to Final Office Action dated February 9, 2009

modulation of the narrow banded non-pumping seed laser light, such that said intensity of

said beat signal is increased.

Claim 37 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 36, wherein the means for

modulating the seed laser light is a means for phase modulation of the seed laser light.

Claim 38 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 36, wherein the seed light has

a wavelength close to the wavelength where the gain of the pumped gain medium is unity so

that amplification of the seed laser light occurs at latest after a few resonator round trips.

Claim 39 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 36, wherein the means for

modulation is adapted to modulate around a signature frequency of

 $\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1$

wherein

 α = chirp rate,

c =speed of light, and

 δ_1 = distance to be determined.

Claim 40 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 39, wherein the modulation

frequency is periodically varied around the signature frequency of $\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1$.

Claim 41 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 36, wherein the means for

modulation is adapted to vary the modulation frequency periodically with time.

Claim 42 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 36, wherein the means for

injection of seed laser light is an injection laser adapted to increase the intensity of the beat

signal of the frequency shifted laser emitted frequency components at the object sensor

beyond the intensity which can be obtained with spontaneous emission in the resonator of the

frequency shifted feedback laser only.

3

Claim 43 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 36, wherein the injection laser is a single mode laser

Claim 44 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 43, wherein the injection laser has a frequency width of less than 5 % of the gain of the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation gain medium.

Claim 45 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 42, wherein the injection laser injects the non-pumping injection laser light into the gain medium of the frequency shifted feedback laser.

Claim 46 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 45, wherein the gain medium of the frequency shifted feedback laser is an optical fiber internal to the resonator and/or constituting the resonator.

Claim 47 (new): A frequency shifted laser radiation source for distance measurements, comprising:

a frequency shifted feedback laser resonator having a pumped gain medium with a gain greater than unity therein so as to emit frequency shifted laser light changing with time in a chirping manner;

a means for splitting said emitted frequency shifted laser light changing with time in a chirping manner into an object beam for irradiating an object and a reference beam, the emitted laser radiation being usable for determinations of distances of objects when using an object detection sensor which receives laser light radiation coming back from an object illuminated with the object beam light and being at a distance to be determined and which object detection sensor also receives said reference beam via a reference path not including the object in such a manner that the laser light radiation coming back from the object and the reference beam interfere with one another, said interference producing a beat signal having a given intensity the intensity of said beat signal being representative for the distance of the object so that said distance can be determined in response to the intensity of said beat signal;

Application Serial No. 10/501,842 Amendment After Final dated August 6, 2009

Reply to Final Office Action dated February 9, 2009

wherein the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation source further comprises a

means for injection of narrow banded, non-pumping, modulated seed laser light into the

frequency shifted feedback resonator, said means for injection comprising a means for

modulation of the narrow banded non-pumping seed laser light, such that said intensity of

said beat signal is increased.

Claim 48 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 47, wherein the seed light has

a wavelength close to the wavelength where the gain of the pumped gain medium is unity so

that amplification of the seed laser light occurs at latest after a few resonator round trips.

Claim 49 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 47, wherein the means for

modulation is adapted to modulate the seed laser around a signature frequency of

 $\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1$

wherein

 α = chirp rate,

c =speed of light, and

 δ_1 = distance to be determined.

Claim 50 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 49, wherein the modulation

frequency is periodically varied around the signature frequency of $\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1$.

Claim 51 (new): The laser radiation source according to claim 47, wherein the means for

modulation is adapted to vary the modulation frequency periodically linear with time.

Claim 52 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 51, wherein the injection laser

has a frequency width of less than 5% of the gain of the frequency shifted feedback laser

radiation gain medium.

Claim 53 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 52, wherein the injection laser is

a single mode laser.

5

Claim 54 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 47, wherein the gain medium of the frequency shifted feedback laser is an optical fiber internal to the resonator and/or constituting the resonator.

Claim 55 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 49, wherein the injection laser has a frequency width of less than 5% of the gain of the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation gain medium.

Claim 56 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 50, wherein the injection laser has a frequency width of less than 5% of the gain of the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation gain medium.

Claim 57 (new): The laser radiation source according claim 53, wherein the gain medium of the frequency shifted feedback laser is an optical fiber internal to the resonator and/or constituting the resonator.

Claim 58 (new): A frequency shifted laser radiation source for distance measurements, comprising:

a frequency shifted feedback laser resonator having a pumped gain medium therein with a gain greater than unity so as to emit laser light having a plurality of frequency components changing with time in a chirping manner;

a means for splitting said emitted laser light having said plurality of frequency components changing with time in a chirping manner into an object beam for irradiating an object and a reference beam;

the emitted laser radiation being usable for determinations of distances of objects when using an object detection sensor which receives laser light radiation coming back from an object illuminated with the object beam light and being at a distance to be determined and which object detection sensor also receives said reference beam via a reference path not including the object in such a manner that the laser light radiation coming back from the object and the reference beam interfere with one another, said interference producing a signal by the beating of the plurality of frequency components that change with time in a chirping

manner and which are comprised in laser light radiation coming back from said object illuminated with the object beam beating with the plurality of frequency components that change with time in a chirping manner and which are further comprised in the reference beam received at the sensor via said reference path not including the object said beat signal having a signal intensity allowing for the determination of the distance of the object in response to the intensity of the signal;

wherein the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation source further comprises a means for injection of narrow banded, non-pumping, modulated seed laser light into the frequency shifted feedback resonator, said means for injection comprising a means for modulation of the narrow banded non-pumping seed laser light, such that said intensity of said beat signal is increased, wherein the means for modulating the seed laser light is a means for phase modulation of the seed laser light; and

wherein the means for modulation is adapted to modulate around a signature frequency of

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\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1,

wherein

\alpha = \text{chirp rate},

c = \text{speed of light, and}

\delta_1 = \text{distance to be determined.}
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Claim 59 (new): A frequency shifted laser radiation source for distance measurements, comprising:

a frequency shifted feedback laser resonator having a pumped gain medium with a gain greater than unity therein so as to emit frequency shifted laser light changing with time in a chirping manner;

a means for splitting said emitted frequency shifted laser light changing with time in a chirping manner into an object beam for irradiating an object and a reference beam, the emitted laser radiation being usable for determinations of distances of objects when using an object detection sensor which receives laser light radiation coming back from an object illuminated with the object beam light and being at a distance to be determined and which object detection sensor also receives said reference beam via a reference path not including

the object in such a manner that the laser light radiation coming back from the object and the reference beam interfere with one another, said interference producing a beat signal having a given intensity the intensity of said beat signal being representative for the distance of the object so that said distance can be determined in response to the intensity of said beat signal;

wherein the frequency shifted feedback laser radiation source further comprises a means for injection of narrow banded, non-pumping, modulated seed laser light into the frequency shifted feedback resonator, said means for injection comprising a means for modulation of the narrow banded non-pumping seed laser light, such that said intensity of said beat signal is increased;

wherein the means for modulation is adapted to modulate the seed laser around a signature frequency of

 $\delta v = \alpha \times c \times \delta_1$,

wherein

 α = chirp rate,

c =speed of light, and

 δ_1 = distance to be determined; and

wherein the means for modulation is adapted to vary the modulation frequency periodically linear with time.